

A guide to the special consideration process

Effective from 1 September 2024

For the attention of heads of centre, senior leaders within schools and colleges and examination officers

This document covers the following qualifications:

AQA Applied General qualifications AQA Level 2 Certificate in Further Maths AQA Level 3 Certificate in Mathematical Studies BTEC Firsts, BTEC Nationals, BTEC Tech Awards Cambridge Nationals Cambridge Technicals City & Guilds Level 2 and Level 3 Technical qualifications **FSMQ** GCE AS and A-level GCSF NCFE Level 1/Level 2 Technical Awards NCFE Level 3 Applied General and Vocational gualifications OCR Level 3 Certificates T-Levels (Technical qualifications) WJEC Level 1 and Level 2 General qualifications WJEC Level 1 and Level 2 Vocational qualifications WJEC Level 1 and Level 2 Vocational Awards (Technical Awards) WJEC Level 3 Applied qualifications

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Tabs

On every page you will find tabs on the left-hand side. These will indicate which chapter of the document you are currently on, as well as enabling you to navigate between the chapters at a click.



This home icon will also allow you to jump back to the contents, in case you need a quick reminder of what each chapter is about.

Clickable links

This document is full of helpful hyperlinks to allow you to find related content more easily. Any time you see a paragraph or chapter number directly referenced, you will be able to click on it to navigate to the page in question and find the information.

Website URLs directing to external information will also be hyperlinked, allowing you to access this information at a click.

Ĩ Helpful reminders of clickable functions will be indicated throughout by this "mouse click" icon.

Chapter summaries

Each chapter is supported by a helpful chapter summary, offering a bitesize breakdown of what is covered within each chapter. Points are supported by icons, which are then used again throughout the text to help you identify the key topics of the paragraphs.

Chapters are colour-coded for reference.

Zooming in

If the text is too small, you may zoom in on the content by pressing "Ctrl" and "+" together on your keyboard (or "CMD" and "+" if you are a Mac user) or by clicking on the "+" or "-" Zoom buttons in your PDF viewer (e.g. your browser). These buttons are often situated at the top of the PDF viewer, and may look something like this:



General

Changes made to the content of this document since the previous version (1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024) are highlighted in yellow for easy identification.



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ncfe.org.uk





gualifications.pearson.com

queries regarding special consideration ist be raised with the relevant awarding dy and **not** the JCQ. The JCQ cannot address eries regarding special consideration.

Tip: click on $\widehat{\square}$ to jump **Chapter 1 Summary** to the contents page.

Special consideration

This chapter summarises:

What defines special consideration

The purpose of special consideration

A summary of when special consideration should and should not be applied

The limitations of special consideration

Signposts to further detail in the following chapters.

Special consideration can only be awarded where a candidate has been fully prepared for assessments and covered the entire course but their ability to demonstrate their subject knowledge and understanding is materially affected by adverse circumstances beyond their control at the time of the assessment(s).



Special consideration cannot be applied for if the candidate was not able to develop their subject knowledge and understanding due to absence during the course, joining the course late or teaching and learning being disrupted by staff shortages, planned building work or lack of specialist facilities.



Chapter '

Special consideration

- 1.1 Centres **must** only submit applications for special consideration where an adverse issue or event has had or is reasonably likely to have had, a material effect on a candidate's ability to take an assessment or demonstrate their normal level of attainment in an assessment. For example, a candidate who has temporarily experienced illness, injury or some other event outside of their control at the time of the assessment.
- 1.2 Centres must not submit applications for special consideration for trivial cases. The circumstances which warrant special consideration are set out in paragraphs 2.1 and 3.3.
- 1.3 Examples of trivial cases which would not warrant special consideration include, but are not limited to:
 - A bird tweeting outside the examination room;
 - A lorry reversing;
 - A toilet being flushed;
- 1.4 2.1 and 3.3.
- 1.5 wide range of difficulties, emotional or physical, which may influence performance in their assessments. It cannot remove the difficulty faced by the candidate. This means that there will be some situations where candidates should not be entered for a qualification or a unitised examination. This is because only minor adjustments can be made to the mark awarded. To make larger adjustments would jeopardize the standard of the qualification.

There are minimum requirements for enhanced grading in cases of acceptable absence (see Chapter 4, section 4.5).

- 1.6 All assessments measure what a candidate knows and can do. Special consideration can only be awarded where a candidate has been fully prepared for assessments and covered the entire course but their ability to demonstrate their subject knowledge and understanding is materially affected by adverse circumstances beyond their control at the time of the assessment(s).
- 1.7 their subject knowledge and understanding due to absence during the course, joining the course late or teaching and learning being disrupted by staff shortages, planned building work or lack of specialist facilities.
- 1.8 The overall grade(s) awarded must reflect the candidate's level of attainment demonstrated in the assessment(s). Qualifications would not accurately reflect candidates' attainment if special consideration was given to reflect lost teaching and learning.



<u>_</u>(hr Tip: click on a paragraph number (e.g. 2.1) to jump to that section.

Doors in a corridor adjacent to the examination room opening and closing; Very short, momentary noise from, for example, aeroplanes, helicopters, lawn mowers.

The circumstances which warrant special consideration are set out within paragraphs

Special consideration can only go some way to assist a candidate affected by a potentially

Special consideration cannot be applied for if the candidate was not able to develop

Which candidates will be eligible for special consideration?

This chapter outlines the criteria for candidates to be eligible for special consideration.



Further information on these parameters can be found in paragraphs 2.2 and 2.3.

Chapter 2

Which candidates will be eligible for special consideration?

Special consideration **must** be applied for **at the time of the assessment**.

- Candidates will be eligible for special consideration if they have been fully prepared and 2.1 have covered the whole course but performance in the examination, or the production of coursework or non-examination assessment, is materially affected by adverse circumstances beyond their control. These include:
 - 2.1.1 Temporary illness or accident/injury at the time of the assessment;
 - 2.1.2 normally only those most closely involved will be eligible);
 - Domestic crisis arising at the time of the assessment; 2.1.3
 - 2.1.4 Serious disturbance **during an examination**;
 - 2.1.5 Accidental events at the time of the assessment such as being given the wrong practical equipment, failure of materials to arrive on time;
 - 2.1.6 an international level for sport on the day of an examination;
 - 2.1.7 for that specific examination series.
- 2.2 When candidates have been fully prepared for the specification, but the wrong texts have been chosen, special consideration may be given at the discretion of the awarding body.
 - 2.2.1 It is the centre's responsibility to ensure that the correct texts are taught. body on a case-by-case basis.
 - 2.2.2 Where the wrong texts have been taught, the texts studied **must** have been examined in the current specification in a previous examination series.
- 2.3 Candidates will not be eligible for special consideration if preparation for, or performance in the assessment is affected by:
 - 2.3.1 Long term illness or other difficulties during the course affecting revision time, previously approved access arrangements would have alleviated);
 - 2.3.2 Bereavement occurring more than six months before the assessment, unless ongoing implications such as an inquest or court case;

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CHAPTER 3



Bereavement at the time of the assessment (where whole groups are affected,

examination paper, being given a defective examination paper or CD, failure of

Participation in sporting events, training camps or other events at an international level at the time of the assessment, e.g. Representing their club or country at

Failure by the centre to implement **previously approved** access arrangements

Where this has not happened, there can be no guarantee that a candidate will receive special consideration. Such instances will be investigated by the awarding

unless the illness or circumstances exacerbate what would otherwise be a minor issue at the time of the assessment (i.e. difficulties over and above those that

an anniversary has been reached at the time of the assessment or there are

- 2.3.3 Domestic inconvenience, such as moving house, lack of facilities, taking holidays (including school/exchange visits and field trips) at the time of the assessment;
- 2.3.4 Minor disturbance in the examination room caused by another candidate, such as momentary bad behaviour, a mobile phone ringing, or a momentary fire alarm;
- 2.3.5 The consequences of committing a crime, where formally charged or found guilty; (However, a retrospective application for special consideration may be considered where the charge is later dropped or the candidate is found not guilty.)
- 2.3.6 The consequences of taking alcohol or recreational drugs;
- 2.3.7 The consequences of disobeying the centre's internal regulations;
- 2.3.8 The failure of the centre to prepare candidates properly for the examination for whatever reason;
- 2.3.9 Quality of teaching, staff shortages, planned building work or lack of facilities;
- 2.3.10 Misreading the timetable and/or failing to attend at the right time and in the right place;
- 2.3.11 Misreading the instructions of the question paper and answering the wrong questions;
- 2.3.12 Making personal arrangements such as a wedding or holiday arrangements which conflict with the examination timetable;
- 2.3.13 Submitting no coursework or non-examination assessment at all, unless coursework or non-examination assessment is scheduled for a restricted period of time, rather than during the course;
- 2.3.14 Missing all examinations and internally assessed components/units;
- 2.3.15 Failure to cover the course because of joining the class part way through;
- 2.3.16 A disability or learning difficulties (diagnosed or undiagnosed) unless the disability or circumstances exacerbate what would otherwise be a minor issue **at the time of the assessment**, i.e. Difficulties over and above those that previously approved access arrangements would have alleviated;
- 2.3.17 Failure by the centre to process access arrangements by the published deadline.

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Candidates who are present for the assessment but disadvantaged

This chapter covers special consideration for candidates who are present for the assessment but have been disadvantaged.

Key points:

The centre must be satisfied that there has been a material detrimental effect on candidate examination performance or in the production of coursework or non-examination assessment

Special consideration will normally be given by applying an allowance of additional marks to each component affected within a specification

The size of the allowance depends on the timing, nature and extent of the illness or misfortune

The maximum allowance given will be <u>5%</u> of the total raw marks available in the component concerned, including coursework/non-examination assessment

Special consideration cannot be applied in a cumulative fashion

Candidates or their parents/carers must discuss the application for special consideration with the school or college concerned. Private candidates must liaise with the school or college which made entries on their behalf about an application for special consideration

Click here for more on the details of 5%, 4%, 3%, 2% and 1% criteria

Where the request for special consideration fails to meet the criteria, it will be rejected

3.3

Candidates who are present for the assessment but disadvantaged

3.1 Special consideration will normally be given by applying an allowance of additional marks to each component affected within a specification. The size of the allowance depends on the timing, nature and extent of the illness or misfortune. The maximum allowance given will be 5% of the total raw marks available in the component concerned, including coursework/non-examination assessment.

The centre **must** be satisfied that there has been a material detrimental effect on candidate examination performance or in the production of coursework or nonexamination assessment.

- The decision made by the awarding body will be based on various factors which may 3.2 vary from one subject to another. These may include:
 - The severity of the circumstances;
 - The date of the examination in relation to the circumstances; and Test is involved.
 - Special consideration cannot be applied in a cumulative fashion. For example, because of a recent trauma at the time of the examination **and** the candidate suffering from a viral illness.

Special consideration should only be applied for the most serious indisposition.

- 3.3.1 Candidates or their parents/carers must discuss the application of special consideration with the school or college concerned.
- 3.3.2 Private candidates must liaise with the school or college which made entries on their behalf about an application for special consideration.
- 3.3.3 The following are examples of circumstances which **must** apply **at the time of** the assessment.

5%	This is the maximum allowance and will be reserved for the m
	 Terminal illness of the candidate; Terminal illness of a parent/carer, brother or sister; Death of a member of the immediate family within three Very serious and disruptive crisis/incident at or near the
4 %	Very serious problems such as:
	 Life-threatening illness of candidate or member of imm Major surgery at or near the time of the examination; Severe disease (e.g. cancer); Very recent death of member of extended family; Severe or permanent bodily injury occurring at the time Serious crisis/incident at the time of the examination.

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The nature of the assessment, e.g. whether written papers are affected as opposed to coursework/non-examination assessment, or whether a Practical Test or a Speaking

erved for the most exceptional cases, such as:

or sister; v within three months of the examination; at or near the time of the examination.

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NB 'Very recent' is defined as within one month of the examination(s) taking place. The centre **must** be satisfied that there has been a material detrimental effect on candidate examination performance or in the production of coursework or non-examination assessment.

- 3% A more common category (more cases will fall into this category), including:
 - **Recent** traumatic experience such as death of a close friend or distant relative;
 - Recent illness of a more serious nature;
 - Flare-up of a severe congenital/medical condition;
 - Flare-up of a psychological condition, a mental health condition;
 - Flare-up of a disability such as Autism;
 - Broken limbs;
 - Crohn's disease;
 - Physical assault trauma before an examination;
 - Recent crisis/incident;
 - Witnessing a distressing event on the day of the examination;
 - Cyber attack significantly affecting the completion of candidates' coursework/nonexamination assessments.

NB 'Recent' is defined as up to four months prior to the examination(s) taking place. The centre **must** be satisfied that there has been a material detrimental effect on candidate examination performance or in the production of coursework or non-examination assessment.

2% The most common category of allowance (most cases will fall within this category), including:

- · Illness at the time of the examination;
- Broken limb on the mend;
- Concussion;
- Effects of pregnancy (**not** pregnancy *per se*);
- Extreme distress on the day of an examination (not simply exam related stress);
- Allowance on the last paper taken in a day when a candidate has been entered for three or more examinations **timetabled for the same day** and the total duration of those papers is more than 5 hours 30 minutes (GCSE, level 1 and level 2 examinations) or more than 6 hours (GCE and level 3 examinations).

(Where extra time has been used following formal approval, this should be included in the calculation.)

(Supervised rest breaks **must not** be included in the total duration of the papers when applying for special consideration.)

- 1% Reserved for more minor problems:
 - On-going noise during an examination;
 - Illness of another candidate which leads to minor disruption in the examination room;
 - Stress or anxiety for which medical advice has been sought and/or medication has been prescribed;
 - Hay fever on the day of an examination;
 - Minor upset arising from administrative problems.

Where the request for special consideration fails to meet the criteria, it will be rejected.



Chapter 4 Summary

Candidates who are absent from a timetabled component/unit for acceptable reasons

This chapter summarises candidates who are absent from a timetabled component or unit for acceptable reasons.

Key points:

Adjustments can be made when a candidate has missed a timetabled component, and the centre is happy to support an application for special consideration

For GCSE, GCE AS and A-level qualifications, the unit must have been missed in the terminal series and the minimum requirements for assessment completion must be met. This is different for different qualifications and awarding bodies – you can read more on this in <u>4.5</u>

Awarding bodies cannot give advice as to whether a candidate is fit to take an examination

Centre staff must follow their internal school procedures if candidates feel unwell on the day of an examination

For unitised examinations taken in an examination series prior to certification, candidates must be re-entered for any missed units at the next assessment opportunity

In rare and exceptional circumstances where the centre cannot identify additional reasonable adjustments which would allow a candidate with a disability to sit their examinations, the relevant awarding body must be contacted.

Chapter 4

Candidates who are absent from a timetabled component/unit for acceptable reasons

- 4.1 When a candidate has missed a timetabled component or unit for acceptable reasons and the centre is prepared to support an application for special consideration, an adjustment may be made to the grade.
- 4.2 missed in the terminal series and the minimum requirements of section 4.5 (below) must be met.
- 4.3 Awarding bodies cannot give advice as to whether a candidate is fit to take an examination. Centre staff **must** follow their internal procedures for dealing with candidates who feel unwell on the day of an examination.
- 4.4 **must** be re-entered for any missed units at the next assessment opportunity. Unless there are difficulties arising, e.g. group performances which cannot be repeated, special consideration will not be awarded. This principle also applies where entire cohorts miss units due to adverse weather conditions or for any other reason, or where individual candidates miss units because of a change of centre.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ENHANCED GRADING IN CASES OF ACCEPTABLE ABSENCE

4.5 detailed below. In all cases, candidates **must** have been fully prepared and covered the whole course.

GCE AS and A-level qualifications (AQA, OCR, Pearson and WJEC specifications):

One whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, **must** have been completed.

Please note that partially completed AS or A2 units are **not** acceptable.

- AS linear specifications: one whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, **must** have been completed.
- AS unitised specifications: one whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, **must** have been completed.
- Enhancement given at AS level (unitised specifications) will be carried forward to A-level.
- A-level linear specifications: one whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, **must** have been completed.
- A-level six-unit award (unitised specifications): one whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, **must** have been completed with **at least one** A2 unit completed.
- A-level four-unit award (unitised specifications): one whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, must have been completed with at least one A2 unit completed.
- An A-level award (unitised specifications) will **not** be issued based on AS units alone.

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For unitised GCSE, GCE AS and A-level qualifications, the unit **must** have been

For unitised examinations taken in an examination series prior to certification, candidates

The minimum requirements for enhanced grading in cases of acceptable absence are

CHAPTER 1

One whole component, which is a minimum of 15% of the total assessment, must have been completed.

For CCEA GCE AS and A-level qualifications, and GCSE qualifications:

25% of the total assessment must have been completed.

The minimum requirements for the November 2024, March 2025 and June 2025 examination series are detailed below.

- For CCEA GCE AS qualifications, 25% of the total AS qualification must have been completed.
- For CCEA GCE A-level gualifications, 25% of the total A-level gualification must have been • completed, with at least one A2 unit completed.
- For CCEA GCSE qualifications, 25% of the GCSE qualification must have been completed.

These arrangements only apply to candidates certificating in the series where the examination has been missed. Those candidates not certificating in the series where the examination has been missed must take the examination in the next available series.

Please note that partially completed GCSE, GCE AS or A2 units are not acceptable.

Retrospective applications for special consideration cannot be made based on these criteria for enhanced grading.

City & Guilds Level 2 and 3 Technical qualifications: the synoptic assignment(s) must be completed.

NCFE (numerical marked examinations): 25% of the total qualification must have been completed.

OCR Cambridge National and Cambridge Technical qualifications: one whole unit must have been completed. This can either be a timetabled examination or a moderated unit. Enhanced grading in cases of acceptable absence is only possible in the certification series when all other units within the specification have been completed.

Projects (including Extended Project): where the project is not completed, a grade cannot be issued.

T level Technical qualifications: one whole sub-component, which can either be an examination or an employer-set project, must have been completed.

NCFE T level Technical qualifications: 25% of the Occupational Specialism must have been completed. Enhanced grading cannot be applied to practical assignments.

- 4.6 In rare and exceptional circumstances where the centre cannot identify additional reasonable adjustments which would allow a candidate with a disability to sit their examinations, the relevant awarding body/bodies **must** be contacted.
- 4.7 candidate's individual circumstances, and wherever possible putting in place appropriate adjustments which will allow examinations to be sat. An awarding body may be able to determine grades for a disabled candidate using suitable alternative assessment evidence.
- 4.8 *Reasonable Adjustments* for more detailed information: https://www.jcg.org.uk/exams-office/access-arrangements-and-special-consideration/

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The awarding body will determine each case on an individual basis, understanding the

Centres should refer to page 20 of the JCQ publication Access Arrangements and

Other issues

This chapter covers the other circumstances in which a candidate may require special consideration.

This includes:

Where there have been exceptional mitigating circumstances beyond a candidate's control

Where a candidate has died or is terminally ill

A temporary illness during coursework

A shortfall in work completed

Lost or damaged work

Candidates issued with an incorrect or incomplete question paper, set the wrong coursework or non-examination assessment task or taught the wrong set text

Chapter 5

Other issues

OTHER CERTIFICATION

- 5.1 Where a candidate has been fully prepared and entered for a qualification but has encountered exceptional mitigating circumstances beyond their control and is unable to sit any awarding body set examinations/assessments, the centre should contact the relevant awarding body. The awarding body will advise the centre of the process and the information required. For example, an awarding body may issue a statement of recognition.
- 5.2 A statement of recognition records the candidate's likely qualification grade(s), according to the centre, had the awarding body's set examinations/assessments been completed. The statement of recognition is designed to support the candidate's progression to the next stage of education, training, or employment. It can inform discussions with Further Education/Higher Education institutions, other education providers, and employers, to facilitate progression. The statement of recognition is provided by the awarding body based on the information supplied by the centre and is not a qualification certificate.
- Where a candidate has died or is terminally ill, the centre should contact the relevant 5.3 awarding body which may issue an honorary certificate or posthumous award.

COURSEWORK/NON-EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT EXTENSIONS

- 5.4 a temporary illness, temporary injury or other indisposition, **prior** to the submission of their work, it may be possible to allow a short extension to the deadline.
- 5.5 An extension of normally no more than ten days to the deadline for the submission of work may enable the candidate to complete their work. The centre **must** contact the relevant awarding body to request this arrangement and discuss the individual circumstances.

SHORTFALL IN WORK (COURSEWORK/NON-EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT)

- 5.6 If a candidate has been subject to an unforeseen prolonged illness or other misfortune during the period when the work was being produced - the criteria for which are outlined in sections 2 and 3 - it may, in some subjects, be possible to accept a reduced quantity of work. However, all of the assessment objectives must have been covered at least once. This will not be possible if the specification only requires one piece.
- 5.7 Where several pieces of work are required, the reduction will only be accepted if those pieces are testing the same criteria. It will not be possible to give this consideration in every case. For example, if work has not been submitted, the assessment objectives have not been satisfied or the candidate joined the course late.

NO ADJUSTMENT TO THE MARKS MUST BE MADE BY THE CENTRE

5.8 Form 10 – JCQ/SC¹ should be submitted to the awarding body, attached to a breakdown of marks across the assessment objectives.

¹ AQA, CCEA and OCR centres must not submit Form 10 – JCQ/SC. Applications must be submitted online using AQA Centre Services, CCEA SpC Online or OCR Interchange as appropriate.

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Where an individual candidate meets the published criteria for special consideration, i.e.

5.9 Candidates **must** have been fully prepared for the course but unable to finish the work. Awarding bodies will not normally agree to a reduced amount of work in advance.

LOST OR DAMAGED WORK (NON-EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT COMPONENTS)

5.10 Please refer to the JCQ publication Instructions for conducting non-examination assessments: https://www.jcg.org.uk/exams-office/non-examination-assessments

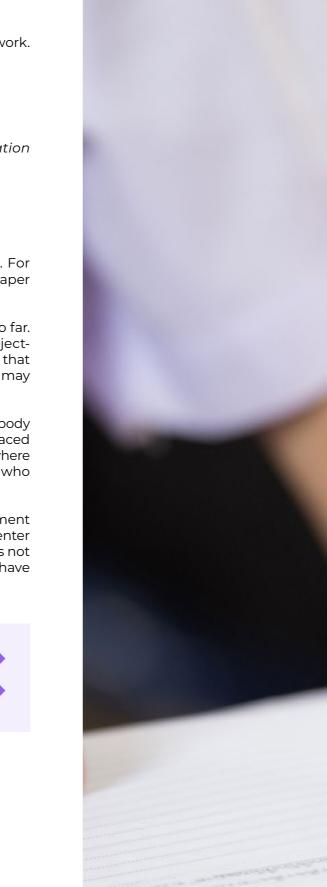
OTHER PROBLEMS

- 5.11 There are circumstances which are accidental and may require specialist input. For example, an incorrect question paper was handed to the candidate, or a question paper was defective in some way, such as an incorrectly printed page.
- 5.12 These cases are given special consideration by means other than those detailed so far. They may need to be referred to a subject officer or a senior examiner for a subjectspecific decision as to how special consideration should be awarded. This means that the results may not immediately show the enhancement. An adjustment of marks may have been made to take into account the problem which arose.
- 5.13 An application for special consideration should be submitted to the relevant awarding body when a candidate has taken an incorrect paper, or the incorrect paper has been replaced by the correct paper or the candidate has completed both. There are circumstances where it is not possible for an awarding body to grant special consideration to candidates who have attempted an incorrect paper.
- 5.14 Where candidates have taken the wrong coursework or non-examination assessment assignment, the centre may apply for special consideration if it is not possible to enter candidates at the next assessment opportunity. There are circumstances where it is not possible for an awarding body to grant special consideration to candidates who have attempted the incorrect coursework or non-examination assessment component.

Where a candidate has been:

- Issued with an incorrect question paper •
- Set the wrong coursework or non-examination assessment task •
- Taught the wrong set text

an awarding body may investigate this as maladministration.





Chapter 6 Summary

Processing applications for special consideration (GCSE and GCE qualifications)

Chapter six contains information on how to apply for special consideration.

Here are some top tips:



Submit special consideration applications for AQA, CCEA, OCR, Pearson and WJEC GCSE and GCE online

Make online applications for timetabled written examinations

Inform a candidate when an application for special consideration is submitted to the awarding body

Ensure your submission complies with the UK GDPR/Data Protection Act 2018

Where a candidate is present but disadvantaged for a timetabled written examination, only submit a single online application for all affected components

Where a candidate is absent from an examination for an acceptable reason, submit a separate online application for each missed examination

Support your applications with appropriate evidence which is signed by a member of the senior leadership team

Retain evidence until after the publication of results

DO NOT

Submit paper forms

Submit spreadsheets

Miss the deadlines for applications

See example scenarios on page 26.

Chapter 6

Processing applications for special consideration (GCSE and GCE qualifications)

ONLINE APPLICATIONS FOR SPECIAL CONSIDERATION

- Special consideration applications for AQA, CCEA, OCR, Pearson and WJEC GCSE and 6.1 GCE qualifications **must** be processed online. The centre **must** inform a candidate when an application for special consideration is submitted to the awarding body. The centre must ensure that it complies with the UK GDPR/Data Protection Act 2018.
- Online applications must be made for timetabled written examinations. Paper forms will 6.2 not be accepted. Spreadsheets must not be submitted to awarding bodies.
- 6.3 Online applications for special consideration are made through AQA Centre Services, CCEA SpC Online, Edexcel Online, NCFE secure website, OCR Interchange and WJEC Secure Website.
- 6.4 In most cases the online system will provide an instant decision.
- 6.5 For AQA, CCEA and OCR, centres **must** also make online applications where there are problems with internally assessed components or units such as coursework and nonexamination assessments, and in cases involving groups of candidates. Paper forms will not be accepted by AQA, CCEA and OCR.
- 6.6 Where a candidate is present but disadvantaged for a timetabled written examination, a single online application can be made for all affected components once the examinations are over or once the candidate has recovered; whichever occurs first. It is not necessary to make separate applications for individual examinations.
- 6.7 All applications **must** be supported by appropriate evidence signed by a member of the senior leadership team. The centre must retain this evidence until after the publication of the results. Where a candidate is present but disadvantaged for a timetabled written examination, a proportion of cases will be sampled by an awarding body for quality assurance purposes. A centre may be asked by an awarding body to provide signed evidence.
- 6.8 Where a candidate is absent from an examination for an acceptable reason, a separate online application **must** be processed for each missed examination.
- 6.9 All applications **must** be supported by appropriate evidence signed by a member of the senior leadership team. Where the centre is aware of an ongoing medical condition which may cause sudden absence or the candidate was known to be unwell in the run-up to the examination or the candidate turned up for the examination unwell and was sent home, then a statement can be produced to support an online application for special consideration. There is no need for formal medical evidence. The centre must retain this evidence until after the publication of the results. Where a candidate is absent from an examination for an acceptable reason, a proportion of cases will be sampled by an awarding body for quality assurance purposes. A centre may be asked by an awarding body to provide signed evidence.
- Awarding bodies reserve the right to call in evidence. 6.10

CHAPTER 1

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APPLICATIONS POST-PUBLICATION OF RESULTS

6.11 After the publication of results, late applications will only be accepted in the most exceptional circumstances and must be submitted before the deadline for reviews of results for the respective examination series.

6.12 A member of the senior leadership team **must** produce compelling evidence to support a late application.

The awarding bodies have a published appeals process in respect of decisions on special consideration. This process is set out in the JCQ publication A guide to the awarding bodies' appeals processes: <u>https://www.jcq.org.uk/exams-office/appeals</u>

EXAMPLES OF WHEN SPECIAL CONSIDERATION IS AND IS NOT APPROPRIATE

Example 1

A Year 12 candidate is sitting GCE AS qualifications in June 2025. The candidate is unable to attend any of his AS examinations (Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics) due to a temporary injury. The centre will re-enter him again for GCE AS Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics at the next available assessment opportunity in June 2026.

Example 2

A candidate misses two GCSE papers in one day, French in the morning and Computer Science in the afternoon, due to ill health. She meets the minimum requirements for a GCSE award in June 2025, having completed over 15% of the total assessment in both GCSE subjects*. The centre applies for special consideration. As the centre knows that the candidate has been struggling with her health over the past few days, they can write a supporting letter to substantiate her absence from the two GCSE papers.

Example 3

A candidate sits a GCE A-level Government and Politics examination on Thursday morning. He is known to be struggling with a chest and ear infection yet is adamant that he must sit his examination. The candidate's illness is clear to the invigilation team. However, the candidate is unable to attend his GCE A-level German examination the following morning. He meets the minimum requirements for a GCE A-level German award since he has already completed one paper which is worth more than 15% of the total assessment. The centre can write a statement supporting the application for special consideration since they know he was falling ill prior to his absence from Friday morning's examination.

Example 4

A candidate sits a GCSE Italian examination on Thursday afternoon. There were no known problems during Thursday's examination. However, she does not attend her GCSE Geography examination on Friday morning. Her mother contacts the school office on the morning of the Geography examination to report her absence owing to a stomach upset. Medical evidence is not available to substantiate the request. The centre advises the parent to complete the relevant part of Form 14 – JCQ/ME which is then brought into the school office. The centre having received Form 14 feels able to support the application and submits an online application for special consideration. Form 14 is retained on the centre's files.

Example 5

A candidate sits a GCE A-level Economics examination on Monday morning. He is undergoing treatment for a serious illness. The candidate has recently been prescribed medication which is causing serious side effects. The candidate sits his GCE A-level Economics examination as scheduled but is unable to sit his remaining GCE A-level Media Studies and A-level Physical Education examinations. He can satisfy the rules for special consideration. He has already completed one A-level Physical Education non-examination assessment (NEA) component which is 15% of the total assessment and one A-level Media Studies paper which is worth more than 15% of the total assessment. The candidate visits his GP who, on account of her knowledge of her patient and his condition, is more than willing to produce a note for the school. Similarly, his school is willing to write a supporting statement.

*For CCEA GCSE specifications, 25% of the total assessment must have been completed. <u>See section 4</u> for more information.

Example 6

A centre enters a candidate for a Level 2 Technical qualification. The candidate has an approved application for 25% extra time. When the candidate takes an online examination, it is discovered that 25% extra time has not been added to the duration of the examination. The centre had failed to add the 25% extra time allowance when booking the examination. As the candidate had an approved application for 25% extra time an application for special consideration is submitted to the awarding body.

Example 7

A candidate is in their first year of a T Level Technical qualification. The candidate is absent for all papers for the Core exam due to illness but completes the employer-set project. As the candidate is only in the first year of a two-year course and it is not their terminal series, special consideration cannot be applied for.

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Chapter 7 Summary

Post assessment adjustments special consideration (Vocational qualifications)

This chapter covers special consideration for vocational qualifications.

An awarding body's decision to award special consideration in vocational qualifications will be based on factors which may include:

The severity of the circumstances

The date of the assessment

The nature of the assessment

However, it may not be possible to apply special consideration where:

An assessment requires the demonstration of practical competence

The assessment criteria must be fully met

Units/qualifications confer 'Licence to Practise'

Where an assessment has been missed or is in the form of an on-demand test, the centre should offer the learner an opportunity to take the assessment at a later date.

For vocational gualifications similar in nature to general qualifications, awarding bodies may implement the minimum requirements for enhanced grading in cases of acceptable absence as outlined in section 4.

> Advice must always be sought from the relevant awarding body.

Applications for special consideration must be made on a case-by-case basis and be submitted to the relevant awarding body in accordance with the awarding body's published requirements.

Chapter 7

Post assessment adjustments – special consideration (Vocational qualifications)

THE AWARDING OF SPECIAL CONSIDERATION - VOCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

- 7.1 An awarding body's decision to award special consideration in vocational qualifications will be based on various factors, which may vary from learner to learner and from one assessment to another. These factors may include the severity of the circumstances, the date of the assessment and the nature of the assessment.
- 7.2 It is important to note that it may not be possible to apply special consideration where
 - · An assessment requires the demonstration of practical competence;
 - The assessment criteria must be fully met;
 - Units/qualifications confer 'licence to practise'.
- 7.3 Where an assessment has been missed or is in the form of an on-demand test, such as an electronic test set and marked by a computer, the centre should offer the learner an opportunity to take the assessment at a later date.
- 7.4 For vocational gualifications similar in nature to general gualifications, awarding bodies may, in certain circumstances, implement the minimum requirements for enhanced grading in cases of acceptable absence as outlined in section 4.
- 7.5 Advice **must** always be sought from the relevant awarding body.

APPLYING FOR SPECIAL CONSIDERATION IN VOCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

- 7.6 Applications for special consideration **must** be made on a case-by-case basis. Separate applications **must** be made for each learner. The only exception to this is when a group of learners have been affected by a similar circumstance during an assessment, such as a defective question paper. A list of learners affected **must** be attached to the application.
- 7.7 Applications for special consideration **must** be submitted to the relevant awarding body in accordance with the awarding body's published requirements. All JCQ awarding bodies accept Form 10 – JCQ/SC or Form VQ/SC. Form 10 – JCQ/SC or Form VQ/SC are available electronically at: https://www.jcg.org.uk/exams-office/access-arrangements-and-special-consideration/ forms
- To ensure applications can be processed effectively, centres **must** also submit evidence 7.8 to support the application. For example, a statement from a member of the centre staff or any other appropriate information.

The head of the centre/Principal/CEO **must** authorise all applications for special consideration.

7.9 An awarding body will only liaise with the centre and not with the learner.

> Special consideration will not be considered once learner achievement has been claimed and certificated.



LOST OR DAMAGED WORK (INTERNALLY ASSESSED WORK)

- 7.10 When work has been lost or damaged due to events outside of the learner's control, an awarding body may consider an application for special consideration. In all cases, the centre **must** be able to verify that the work was done and that it was monitored whilst it was in progress.
- 7.11 For competence-based qualifications, the centre is required to maintain assessment records independently of the learner's portfolio. In the case of a lost portfolio, these records, together with fully documented question and answer sessions or written statements, as appropriate, can be used to confirm a learner's competence. If a portfolio is re-created, because evidence has been lost, it should be internally verified.
- 7.12 The centre **must** follow the awarding body's published procedures for lost or damaged work.

Other certification

- 7.13 Where a candidate has been fully prepared and entered for a qualification but has encountered exceptional mitigating circumstances beyond their control and is unable to sit any awarding body set examinations or assessments, the centre should contact the relevant awarding body. The awarding body will advise the centre of the process and the information required. An awarding body may issue a statement of recognition².
- 7.14 Where a candidate has died or is terminally ill, the centre should contact the relevant awarding body which may issue an honorary certificate or posthumous award.

² For further information on a statement of recognition, see <u>section 5</u>.

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